

## **Ventura County**

Response to Instruction and Intervention (Rtl<sup>2</sup>)

Form D-17 (Team use only)

Behavior Interventions - Specific Strategies and Replacement Behaviors

**PURPOSE**: Forms D-1 through D-20 are used by the team to select a Replacement Behavior and strategies specific to the behavior of concern.

**INSTRUCTIONS:** This document is to be used after interventions from the **Behavior Interventions — Universal Strategies** list have been attempted and a behavior analysis has been conducted using the **Behavior Analysis Worksheet — Form D**. Once a Communicative Function has been selected by the team, additional behavior interventions can be determined. For common strategies listed by function, refer to the checklist titled, **Behavior Interventions — Strategies Organized by Communicative Function**. For behavior-specific strategies, as well as recommended Replacement Behaviors, use this document as a foundation for considering appropriate interventions.

The team must select a Replacement Behavior (see examples in the "Replacement Behavior" section) and choose at least two strategies: one from the "Strategies for Teaching or Increasing Positive Replacement Behaviors" section and one from the "Tiered Intervention Strategies" section.

## 17. TALKING OUT/BACK/INAPPROPRIATE COMMENTS

Definition: Talking out of turn during class time, talking back in rude manner to adults, inappropriate comments in class

Communicative Function: In the following boxes, check the Communicative Function, as determined on the Behavior Analysis

Worksheet – Form D, and indicate the more specific description.				
□ Escap	De ☐ Wants to avoid a demand or non-desired activity ☐ Other	☐ Sensory	☐ Difficulty due to ADHD☐ Difficulty due to Tourette☐ Has difficulty with waiting☐ Other	g <sup>*</sup>
☐ Attent	tion ☐ "Showing-off" for peers ☐ Wants to get the teacher's attention ☐ Other	□ Tangible	☐ Other	
Replacement Behavior				
Choose one <b>Replacement Behavior</b> from the list below. The <b>Replacement Behavior</b> serves the same Communicative Function (obtains the same outcome) as the behavior of concern and is a skill that <i>may need to be systematically taught and/or reinforced</i> (see the strategies box following this checklist).				
	the progress of the Replacement Behavior, note the lent, and long-range goal (LRG) in Section 3 of Interven			(s), frequency of
Escape	When wanting to avoid a task, student will:  ☐ Use appropriate words, cards, pictures, or signal participate in finding a mutually acceptable solution Politely suggest an appropriate alternative for participate ☐ Other	ion. Irticipating in the a	activity.	The student will
Attention	When seeking attention, student will:  ☐ Raise hand or use pre-determined "secret signal ☐ Use a card to indicate desire to speak. (Require ☐ Ask for time to speak with a person privately if the	" to gain teacher's increasing interva	s attention ls of delay.)	

	<ul> <li>Ask for a problem-solving session with an adult mediator if there are issues with another student.</li> <li>Request opportunity to be line leader, supply person, office runner, etc.</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>
Sensory	When having difficulty with waiting, student will:  ☐ Use a written or pictorial system to record ideas, questions, or comments he or she would like to make.  ☐ Explain disability to group leader beforehand, and ask for assistance and support.  ☐ Count silently to ten.  ☐ Put head on desk and breathe deeply.  ☐ Other
Tangible	□ Other

## Strategies for Teaching or Increasing Positive Replacement Behaviors

- ► If the student already uses the Replacement Behavior, but uses it inconsistently or inappropriately, the skill will need to be encouraged or reinforced in the following ways:
  - Develop and implement contract with student to reinforce skill.
  - Reinforce for attempts to use the skill.
  - · Reinforce for increased use of the skill.
  - Prompt to use more often.
- ▶ If the student does not demonstrate the Replacement Behavior, refer to the following list of suggestions for systematically instructing the Replacement Behavior.
  - Teach, model, practice, and reinforce the Replacement Behavior in the school setting (class, cafeteria, playground, etc.) with the individual student on a regular basis (e.g., daily or weekly) or as a whole class lesson followed by practice within the whole group.
  - Create a network of support through an integrated school and community approach, such as the Student Assistance
     Program, to address self-management, social skills, a new skill, and/or an underlying need. Support networks include (but
     are not limited to) the following:
    - weekly individual or small group sessions where the student can observe modeling and will role play and/or practice the Replacement Behavior
    - small group facilitation, per district protocol, implemented by an appropriately trained person (teacher, counselor, speech-language pathologist, school nurse, occupational therapist, school psychologist, school administrator, paraeducator, etc.)
    - individual counseling provided by an appropriately qualified professional who addresses acquisition of desired skills
  - Model and practice desired skills by using programs such as Peer Helping, Peer Leaders, or Mentoring.
  - Expand learning opportunities through forums such as After School programs or clubs where desired skills can be practiced.

Note the chosen strategy in Section 4 of Intervention Plan–Form B. Also indicate person responsible, group size, setting, frequency, duration, intervention tier level, and review date.

## **Tiered Intervention Strategies**

In addition to teaching the Replacement Behavior, the team will also select a Tiered Intervention Strategy to assist in reducing the behavior of concern. Possible strategies are listed below. Note the strategy and all relevant information in Section 4 of Intervention Plan – Form B.

Escape 

If requested inappropriately, ask to rephrase more appropriately.

If request is rephrased appropriately, ask powledge and attempt to mediate.

Escape	☐ If requested inappropriately, ask to rephrase more appropriately. ☐ If request is rephrased appropriately, acknowledge and attempt to mediate		
	<ul><li>(e.g., provide alternatives, other means of participating, other ways to complete work).</li><li>☐ Remind student of classroom rule for speaking respectfully and remind of rewards/consequences.</li></ul>		
	☐ Ignore (if possible and not too disruptive) and praise others for appropriateness. ☐ Ask another student to model an appropriate way of disagreeing. ☐ Other will		
Attention	<ul> <li>□ Provide activities that require talking or reporting back to large group.</li> <li>□ Ignore talking back and talking out of turn if not too disruptive.</li> <li>□ Remind student of classroom rule for speaking respectfully and remind of rewards and consequences.</li> <li>□ Reward others not talking out.</li> <li>□ Give student visible means of requesting attention, such as note or sticky note on desk, flag, or pre-determined "secret signal."</li> <li>□ Do not respond to blurted remarks.</li> <li>□ Reinforce students who are using appropriate behavior.</li> <li>□ Acknowledge student who is talking out, but remind to raise hand or use other system for getting attention.</li> <li>□ Other</li> </ul>		
Sensory	<ul> <li>□ Provide opportunities to talk, be noisy, and express self in an appropriate place (e.g., quiet space, empty room).</li> <li>□ Teach student to wait.</li> <li>□ Reward gradual improvements in using appropriate means.</li> <li>□ Allow to state remarks quietly to an elbow partner if not disruptive to whole group.</li> <li>□ Allow to jot down questions or comments on paper or dry-erase board.</li> <li>□ Allow to stand up at seat if having difficulty with waiting.</li> <li>□ Other</li> </ul>		
Tangible	□ Other		