

Ventura County

Response to Instruction and Intervention (RtI²)

Behavior Interventions – Specific Strategies and Replacement Behaviors

Form D-3 (Team use only)

PURPOSE: Forms D-1 through D-20 are used by the team to select a Replacement Behavior and strategies specific to the behavior of concern.

INSTRUCTIONS: This document is to be used after interventions from the Behavior Interventions — Universal Strategies list have been attempted and a behavior analysis has been conducted using the Behavior Analysis Worksheet — Form D. Once a Communicative Function has been selected by the team, additional behavior interventions can be determined. For common strategies listed by function, refer to the checklist titled, Behavior Intervention Strategies Organized by Communicative Function. For behavior-specific strategies, as well as recommended Replacement Behaviors, use this document as a foundation for considering appropriate interventions.

The team must select a Replacement Behavior (see examples in the "Replacement Behavior" section) and choose at least two strategies: one from the "Strategies for Teaching or Increasing Positive Replacement Behaviors" section and one from the "Tiered Intervention Strategies" section.

3. DIFFICULTY ORGANIZING AND CARING FOR MATERIALS

Definition: Student does not bring, store, or care for materials such as books, papers, writing instruments

Function: In the following boxes, check the Communica rm D, and indicate the more specific description.	tive Function, as determined on the Bel	havior Analysis
☐ Wants to avoid task perceived to be too difficult☐ Lacks skills to organize	☐ Resists making time to organize ☐ Other	
☐ Wants others to take care of him or her ☐ Other	☐ Cry for help ("I need someone to pay attention!")	
☐ Dislikes pens, pencils, or paper provided (too scratchy, too large to hold, etc.) ☐ Other		
☐ Wants items others have	☐ Other	
outcome) as the behavior of concern and is a skill that following this checklist). gress of the Replacement Behavior, note the baseline, I long-range goal (LRG) in Section 3 of Intervention P	may need to be systematically taught assessment/progress monitoring tool	t and/or reinforced (see
ner lacking organization skills or willingness to get or	ganized, student will:	The student will
	mm D, and indicate the more specific description. □ Wants to avoid task perceived to be too difficult □ Lacks skills to organize □ Wants others to take care of him or her □ Other □ Dislikes pens, pencils, or paper provided (too scratch other □ Wants items others have Behavior	Wants to avoid task perceived to be too difficult Lacks skills to organize Other Oth

	 □ Ask teacher for extra set of materials. □ Use "help" flag or a similar signal. □ Other
Attention	When seeking attention from others, student will: ☐ Raise hand. ☐ Ask only one student for help. ☐ Approach teacher's desk. ☐ Offer to share materials with others. ☐ Ask for leadership opportunity. ☐ Other
Sensory	When having sensory difficulty with certain materials (pens, pencils, paper, etc.), student will: ☐ Let teacher know. ☐ Ask to use an elternate type.
	☐ Ask to use an alternate type.☐ Bring alternate materials.☐ Other

Strategies for Teaching or Increasing Positive Replacement Behaviors

- ▶ If the student already uses the Replacement Behavior, but uses it inconsistently or inappropriately, the skill will need to be encouraged or reinforced in the following ways:
 - Develop and implement contract with student to reinforce skill.
 - Reinforce for attempts to use the skill.
 - Reinforce for increased use of the skill.
 - Prompt to use more often.
- ▶ If the student does not demonstrate the Replacement Behavior, refer to the following list of suggestions for systematically instructing the Replacement Behavior.
 - Teach, model, practice, and reinforce the Replacement Behavior in the school setting (class, cafeteria, playground, etc.) with the individual student on a regular basis (e.g., daily or weekly) or as a whole class lesson, and then practice within the whole group
 - Create a network of support through an integrated school and community approach, such as the Student Assistance Program, to address self-management, social skills, a new skill, and/or an underlying need. Support networks include (but are not limited to) the following:
 - weekly individual or small group sessions where the student can observe modeling and will role play and/or practice the Replacement Behavior
 - small group facilitation, per district protocol, implemented by an appropriately trained person (teacher, counselor, speech-language pathologist, school nurse, occupational therapist, school psychologist, school administrator, paraeducator, etc.)
 - individual counseling provided by an appropriately qualified professional who addresses acquisition of desired skills
 - Model and practice desired skills by using programs such as Peer Helping, Peer Leaders, or Mentoring.
 - Expand learning opportunities through forums such as After School programs or clubs where desired skills can be practiced.

Note the chosen strategy in Section 4 of **Intervention Plan–Form B**. Also indicate person responsible, group size, setting, frequency, duration, intervention tier level, and review date.

Tiered Intervention Strategies

In addition to teaching the Replacement Behavior, the team will also select a Tiered Intervention Strategy to assist in reducing the behavior of concern. Possible strategies are listed below. Note the strategy and all relevant information in Section 4 of Intervention Plan – Form B.

Escape	 When student lacks organization skills or willingness to get organized, ☐ Give student time to put away materials each day. ☐ Draw direct connections between being organized and the student's life (e.g., college requirements, responsibilities). ☐ Provide extra set of materials that student can access during school and return at end of period. ☐ Provide checklist of materials to bring each morning. ☐ Assign peer to help with organizing materials. ☐ Assign peer to help with organizing daily activities or homework. ☐ Other 		
	When student is frustrated or trying to avoid a task, ☐ Assist student in organizing materials prior to activity. ☐ Provide necessary materials. ☐ Other	The teacher will	
Attention	 ☐ Give specific positive feedback for bringing materials or being organized. ☐ Allow student to share materials with others. ☐ Avoid giving attention when student is not organized. ☐ Give extra responsibilities or privileges when student comes prepared for class. ☐ Other 		
Sensory	□ Provide preferred materials (pens, pencils, pencil adapters, type of paper, etc.).□ Other		
Tangible	 ☐ Give opportunity to earn desired materials (pens, notebooks, etc.). ☐ Communicate with parents/guardians about supplying desired materials. ☐ Other 		