#### VENTURA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

BOARD POLICY NO. 5145.13 ADOPTED: 06/25/18

**CLASSIFICATION:** Students

**SUBJECT:** Response to Immigration Enforcement

The County Board of Education is committed to the success of all students and believes that every school site should be a safe and welcoming place for all students and their families irrespective of their citizenship or immigration status.

VCOE staff shall not solicit or collect information or documents regarding the citizenship or immigration status of students or their family members or provide assistance with immigration enforcement at VCOE schools, except as may be required by state and federal law.

No student shall be denied equal rights and opportunities nor be subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying in VCOE's programs and activities on the basis of his/her immigration status.

The County Superintendent or designee shall notify parents/guardians regarding their children's right to a free public education regardless of immigration status or religious beliefs and their rights related to immigration enforcement.

Consistent with requirements of the California Office of the Attorney General, the County Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures for addressing any requests by a law enforcement officer for access to district records, school sites, or students for the purpose of immigration enforcement.

### Legal Reference:

## **EDUCATION CODE**

200	Educational equity
220	Prohibition of discrimination
234.1	Safe Place to Learn Act
234.7	Student protections relating to immigration and citizenship status
48204.4	Evidence of residency for school enrollment
48980	Parental notifications
48985	Notices to parents in language other than English

#### **GOVERNMENT CODE**

8310.3 California Religious Freedom Act

## PENAL CODE

422.55 Definition of hate crime

627.1-627.6 Access to school premises, outsiders

## UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1232g Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act

# **COURT DECISIONS**

Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982)